

Causes of Increasing Concentrations of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in U.S. Lakes



Sampling Lake in the Hills, 2007

PAHs are increasing in urban lakes



Van Metre and others, *Environ. Sci. Technol.*, 2005



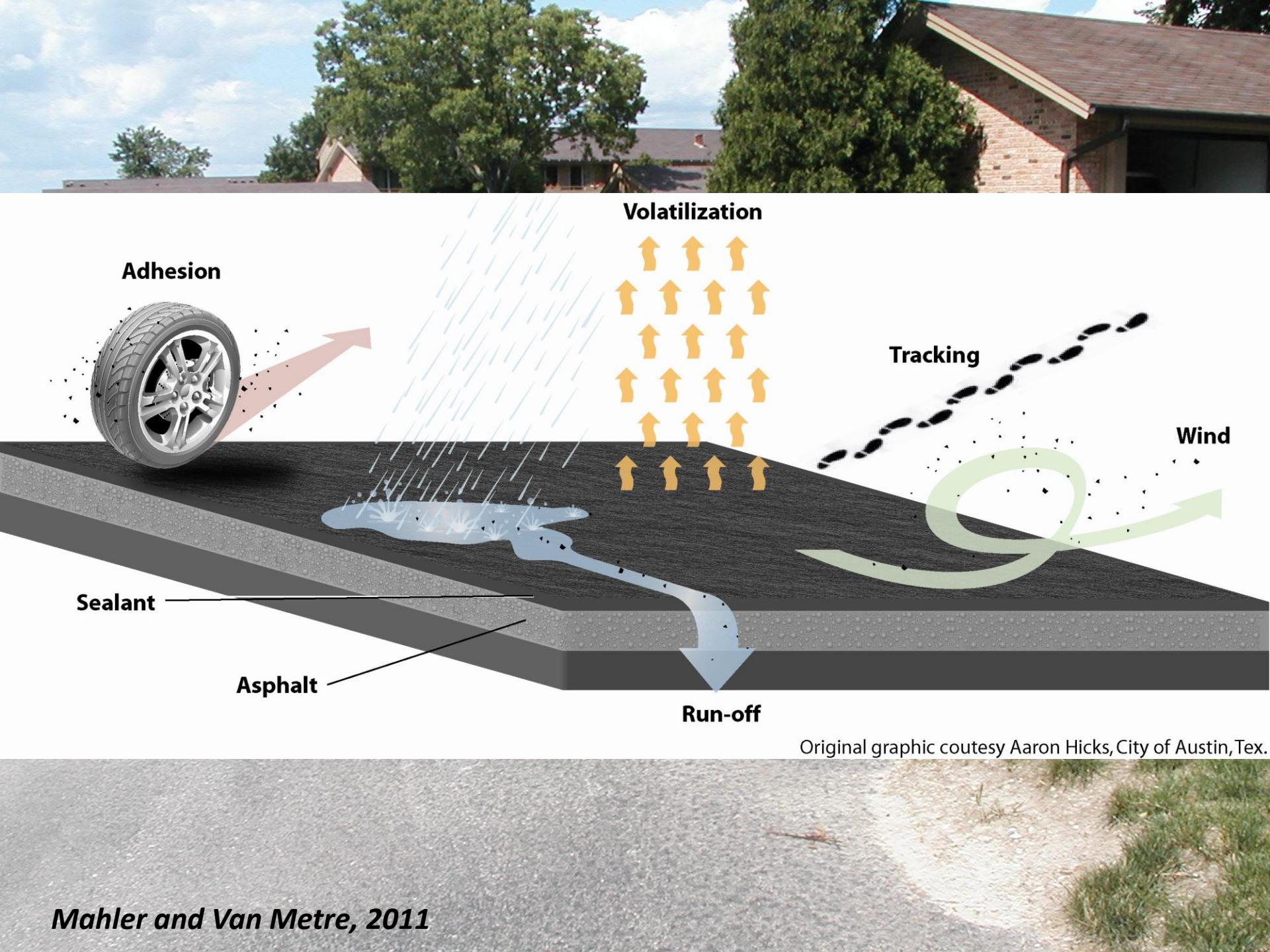
City of Austin measured PAH
concentrations greater than 1,500 mg/kg

What could be the source?

1,500 mg/kg in creek sediment

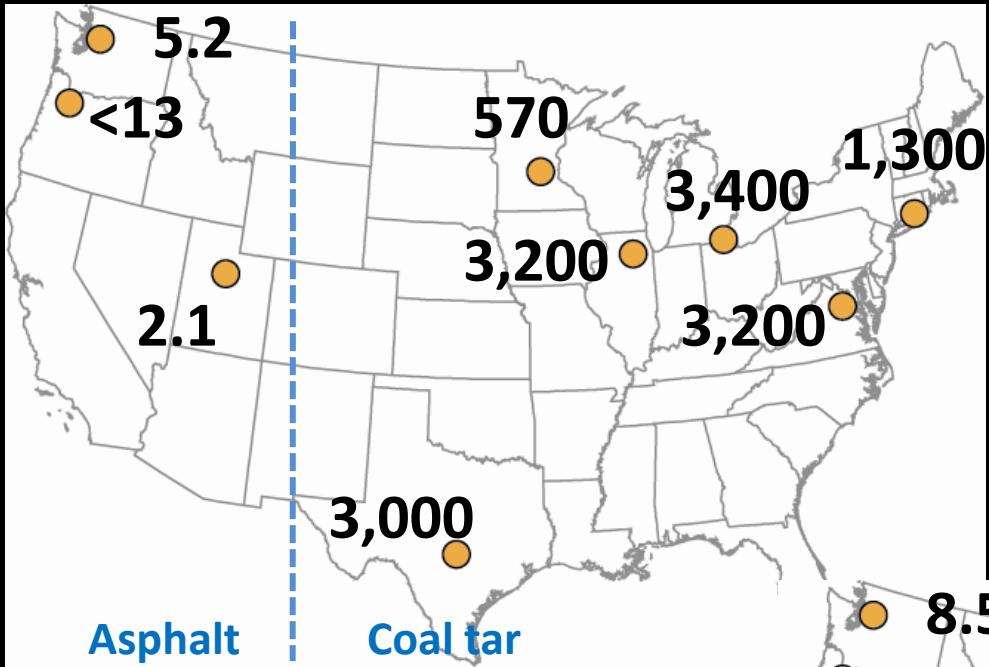
- | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|---------------------------|
| • Fresh asphalt | 1.5 | • Asphalt-based sealcoat |
| • Weathered asphalt | 3 | 50 |
| • Fresh motor oil | 4 | • Coal-tar-based sealcoat |
| • Brake particles | 16 | 100,000 |
| • Road dust | 24 | |
| • Tire wear particles | 86 | |
| • Diesel engine | 102 | |
| • Gasoline engine | 370 | |
| • Used motor oil | 440 | |

All concentrations in mg/kg (averages of 1-6 studies)

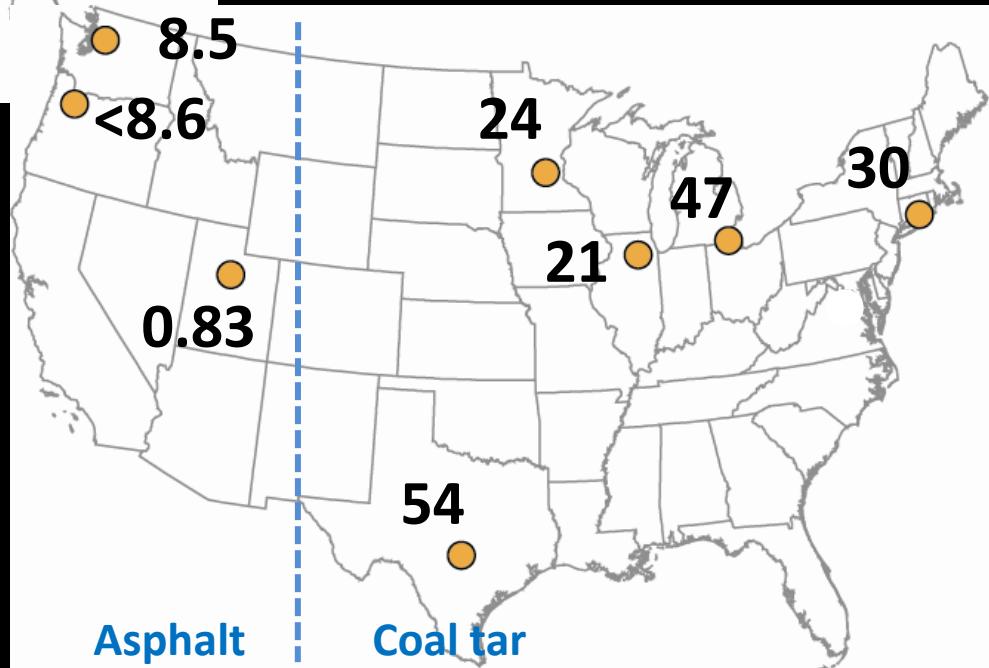


Mahler and Van Metre, 2011

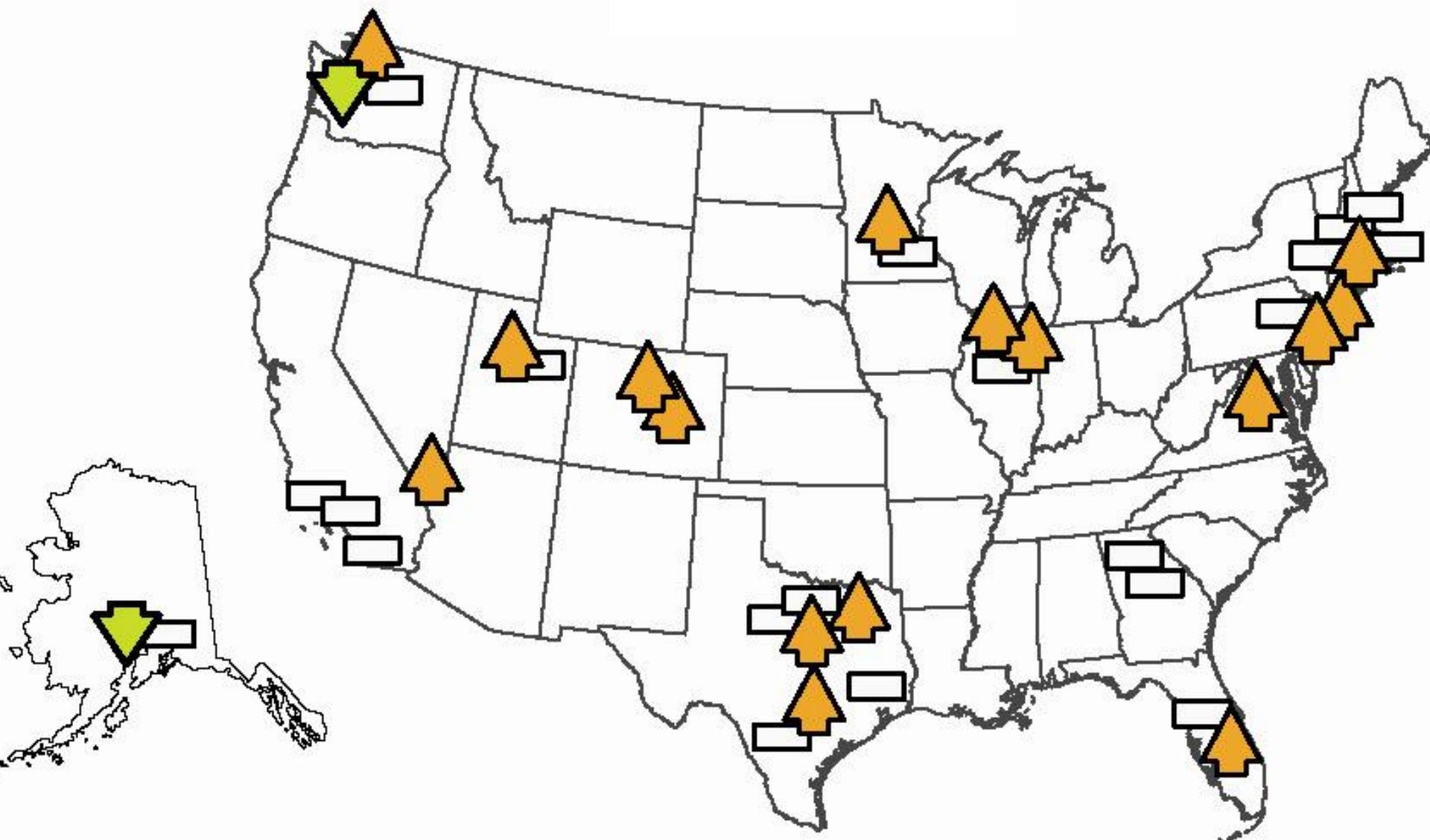
Sealed Parking Lots (mg/kg)



Unsealed Parking Lots

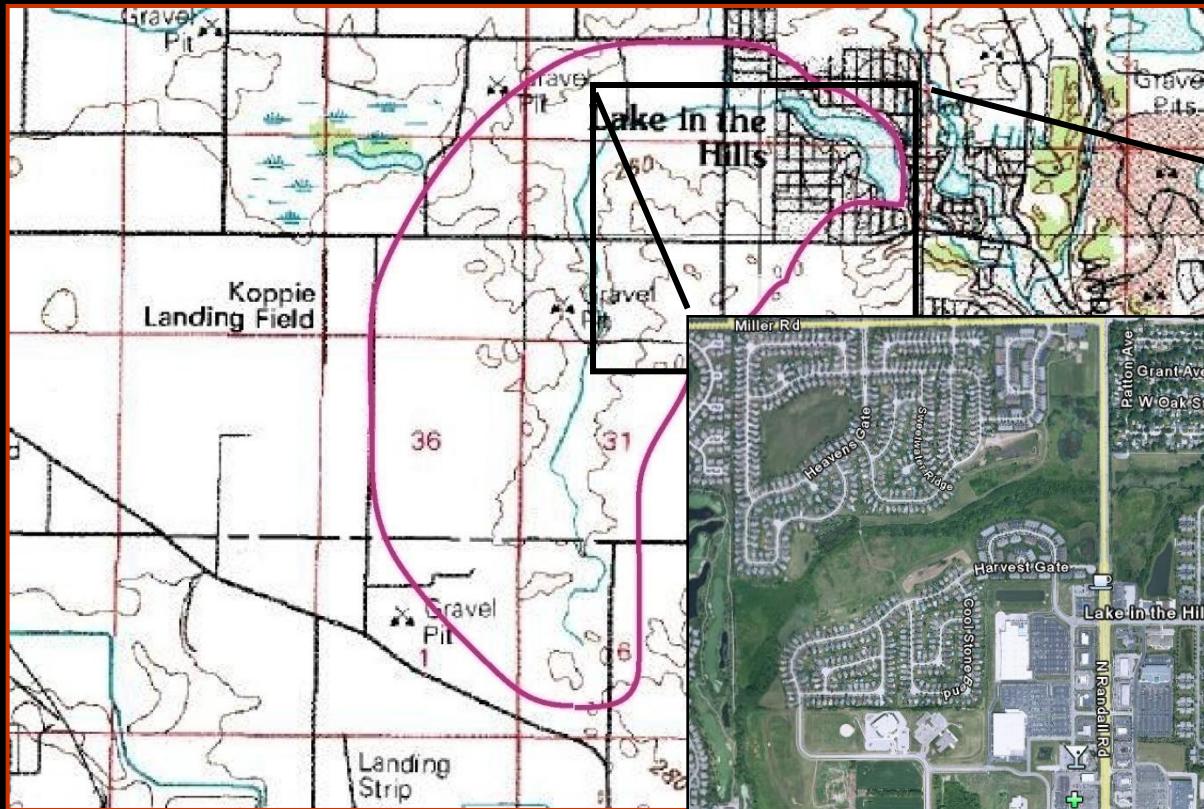


What is causing upward trends in PAHs?

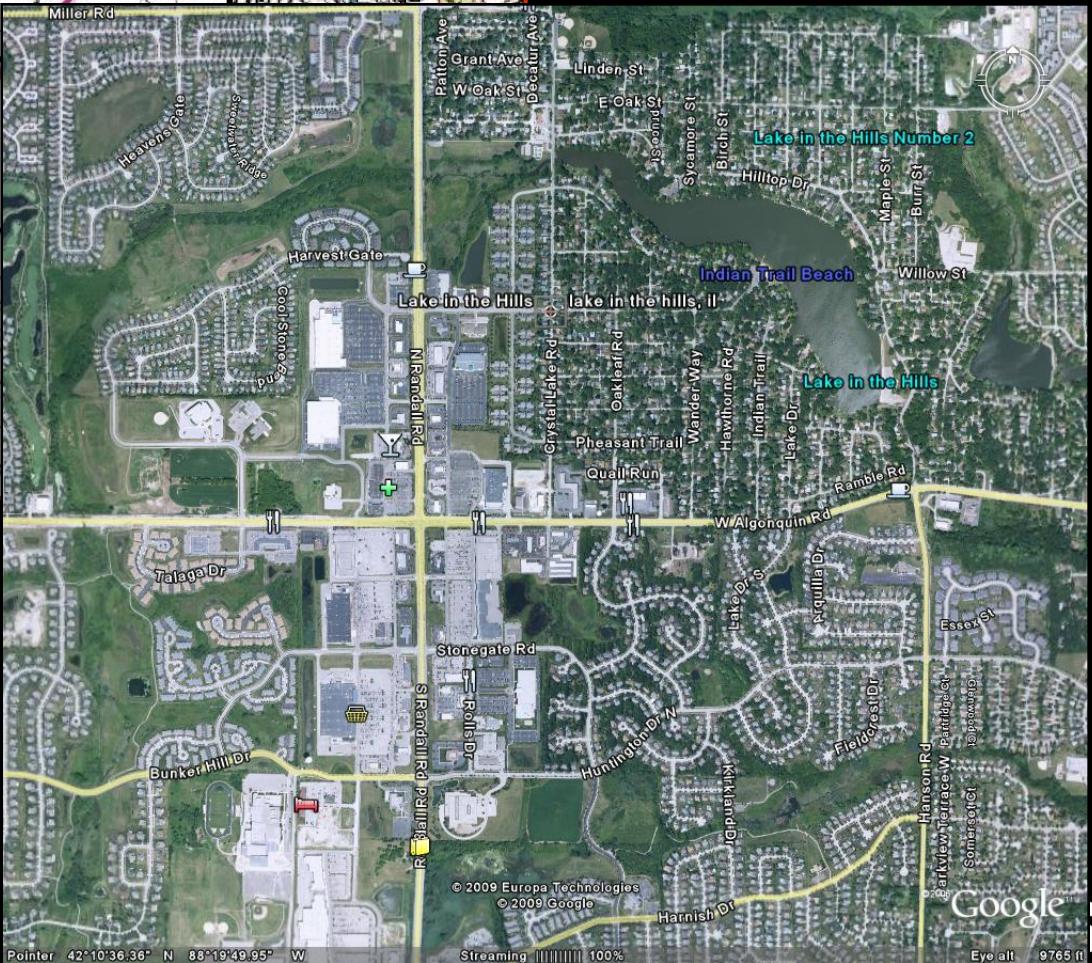


Lake in the Hills

In 1975, 11% urban

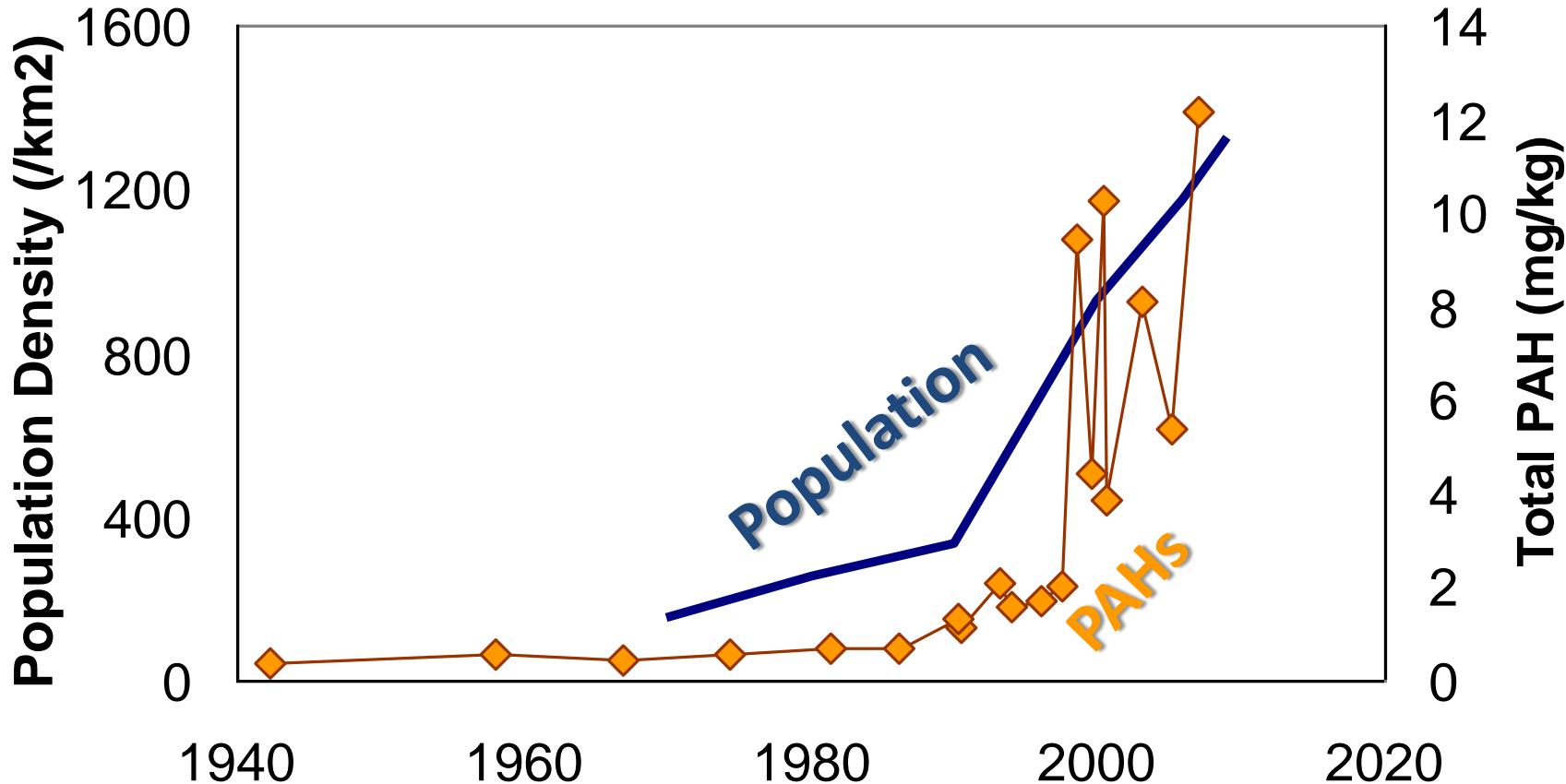


In 2000, 78% urban



Population growth and PAH

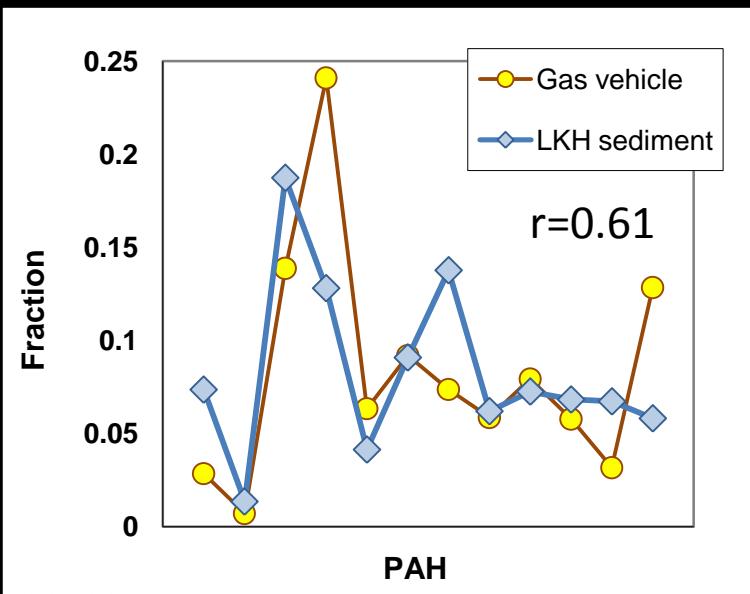
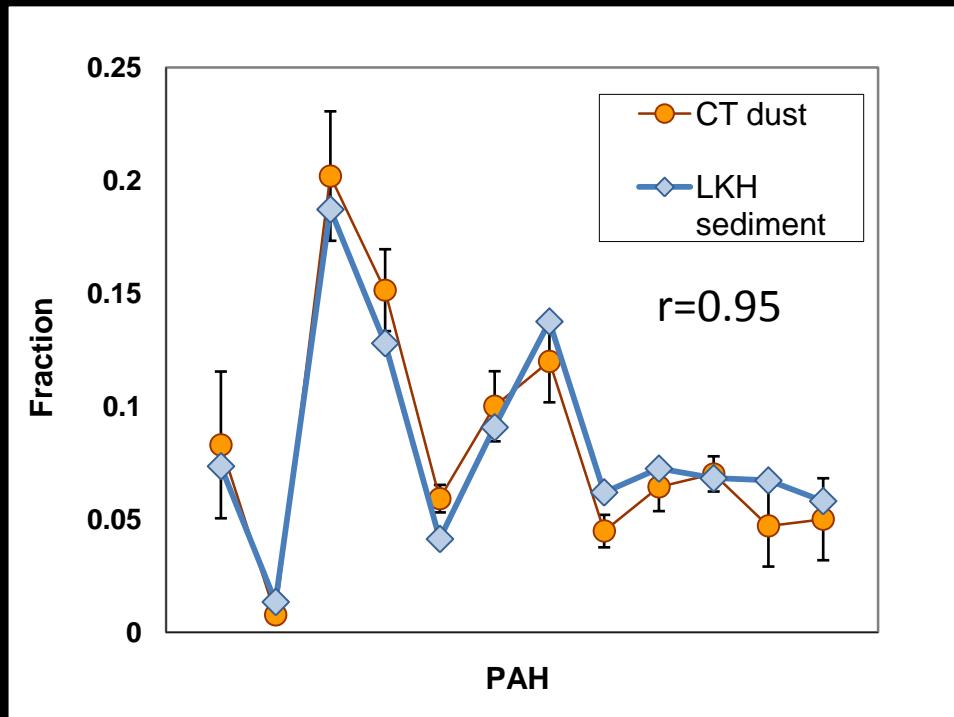
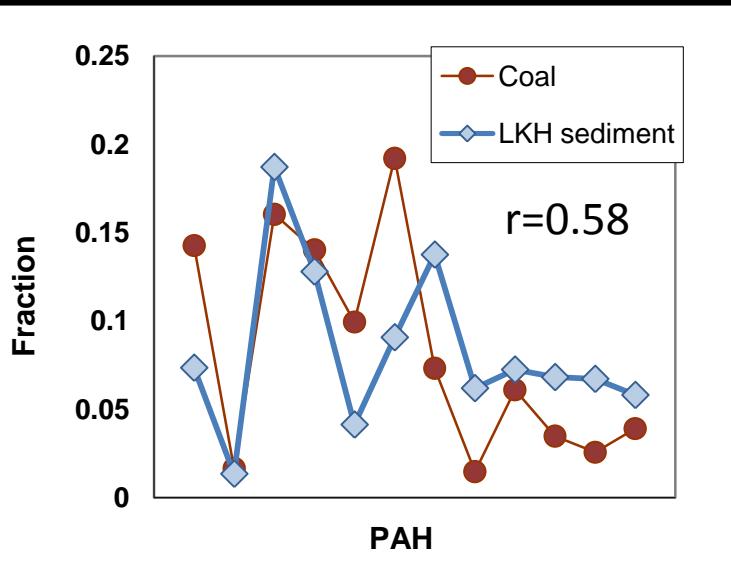
Lake in the Hills, IL



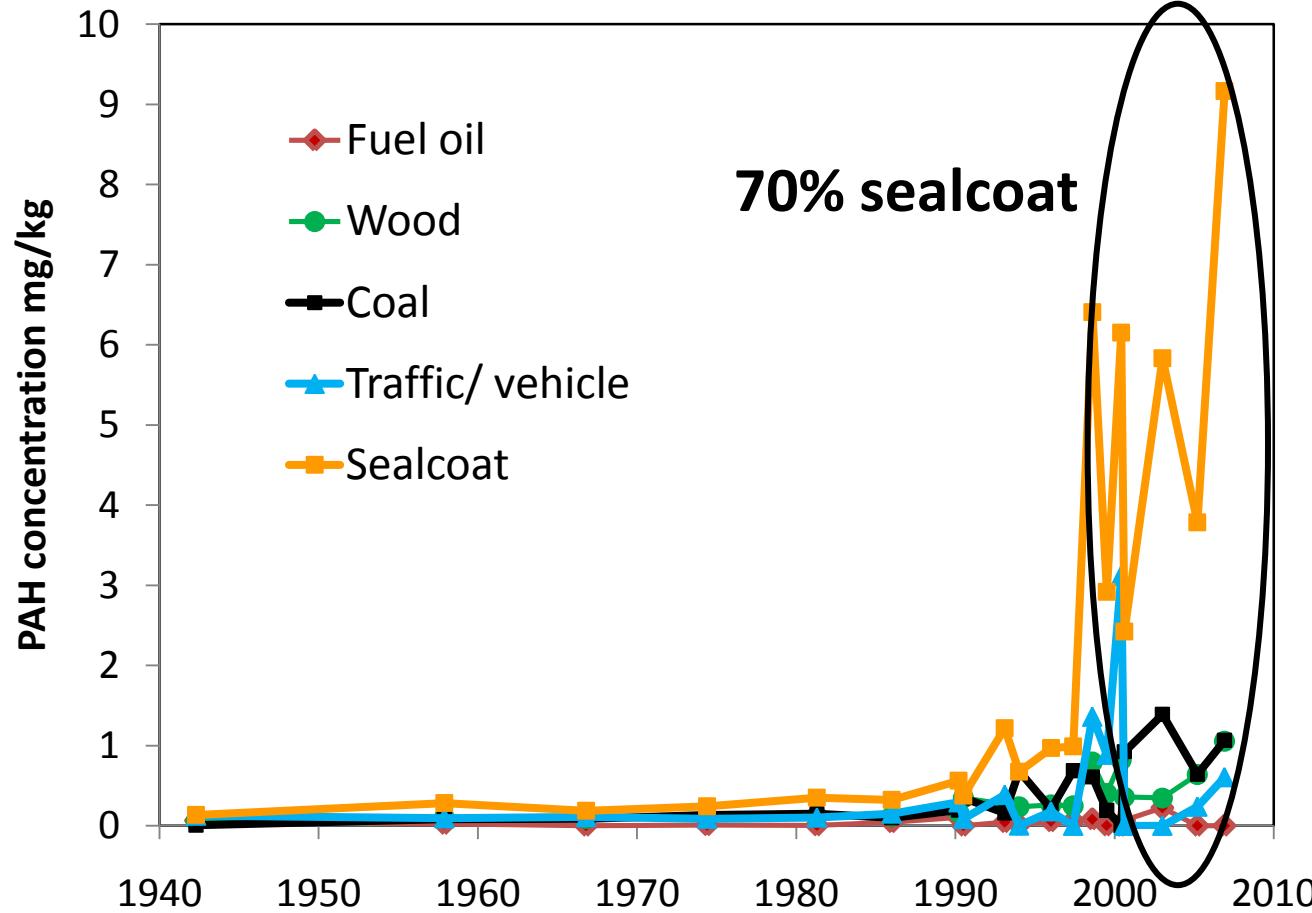
Environmental forensics: PAH “fingerprints”



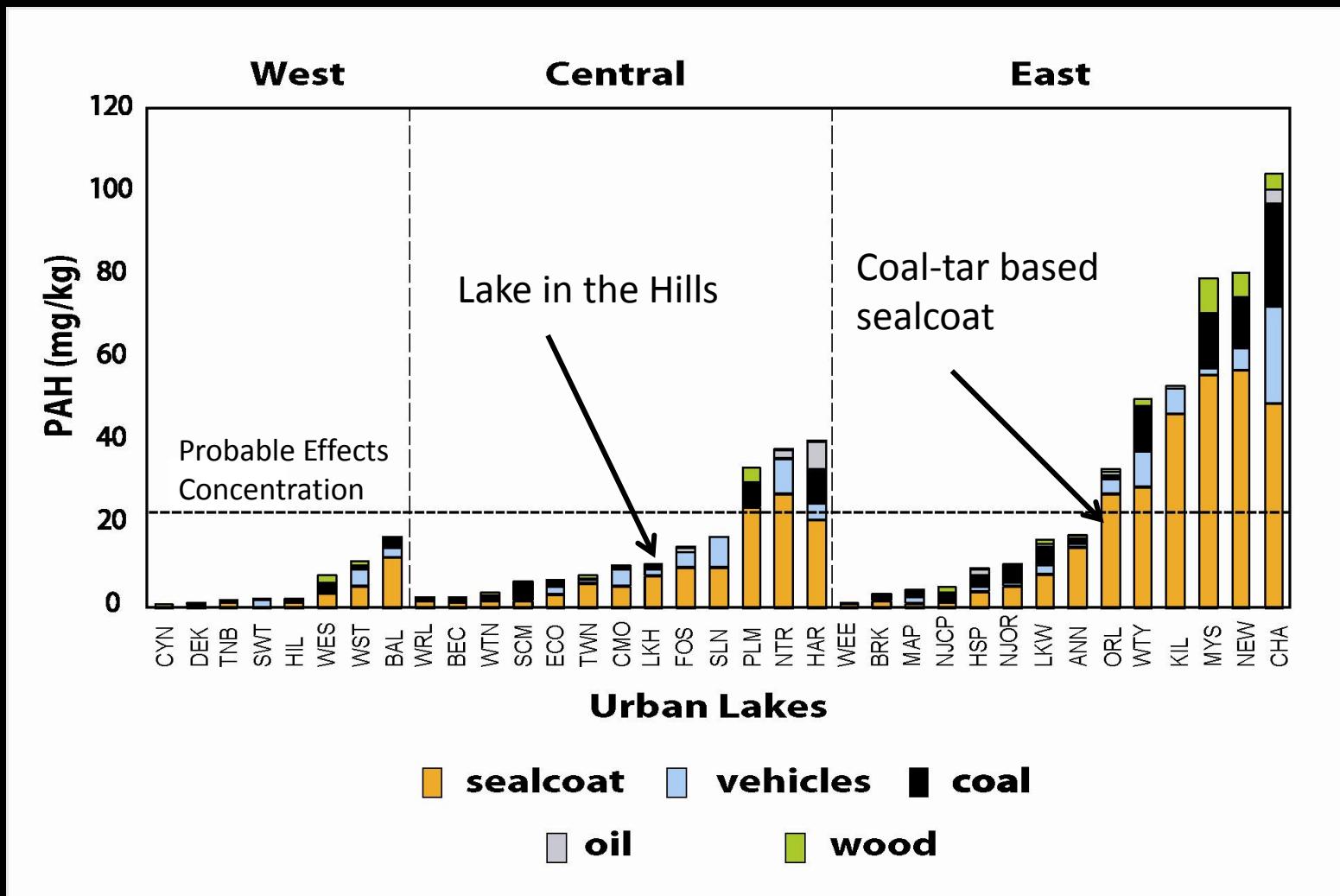
PAH fingerprint at Lake in the Hills



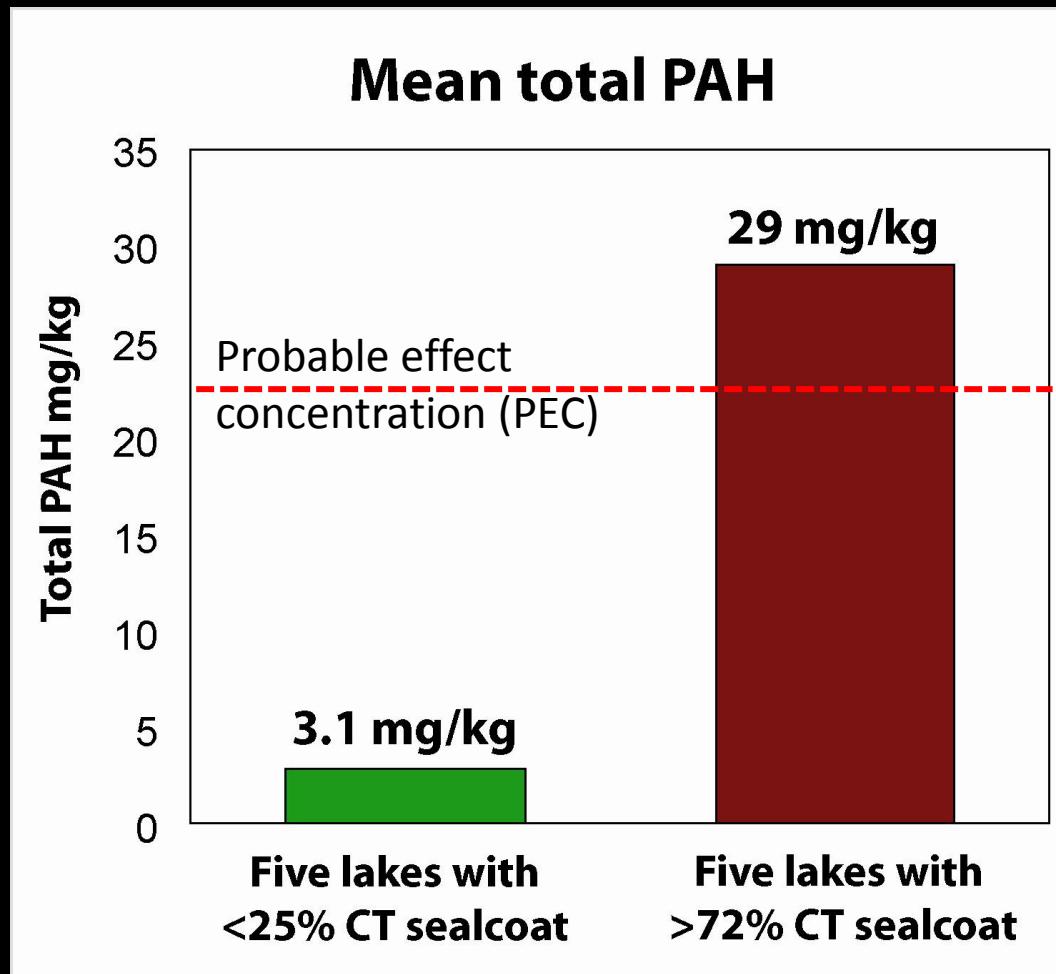
Sources of PAHs to Lake in the Hills



PAH sources to U.S. urban lakes



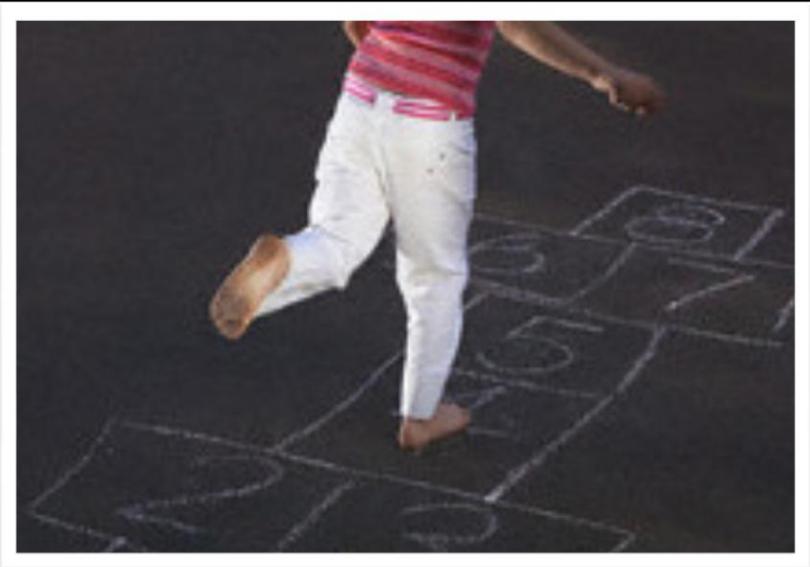
A large coal-tar-sealcoat contribution translates to high PAH concentrations



Biological effects

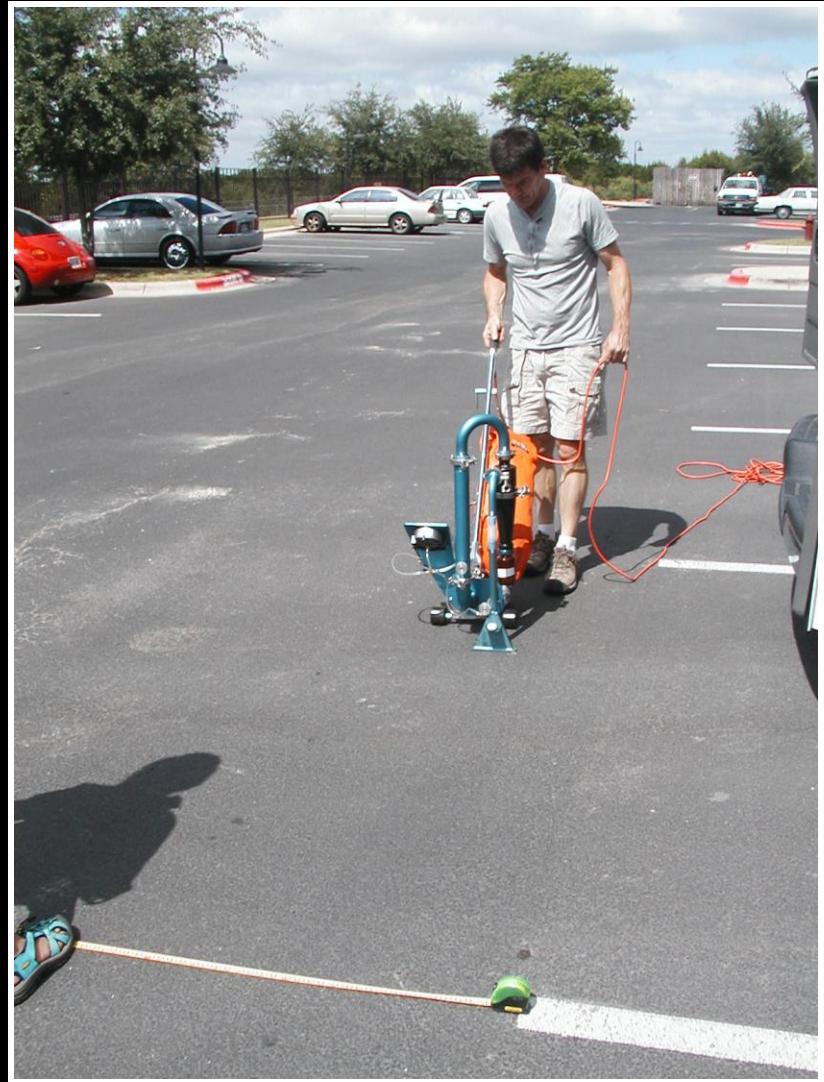
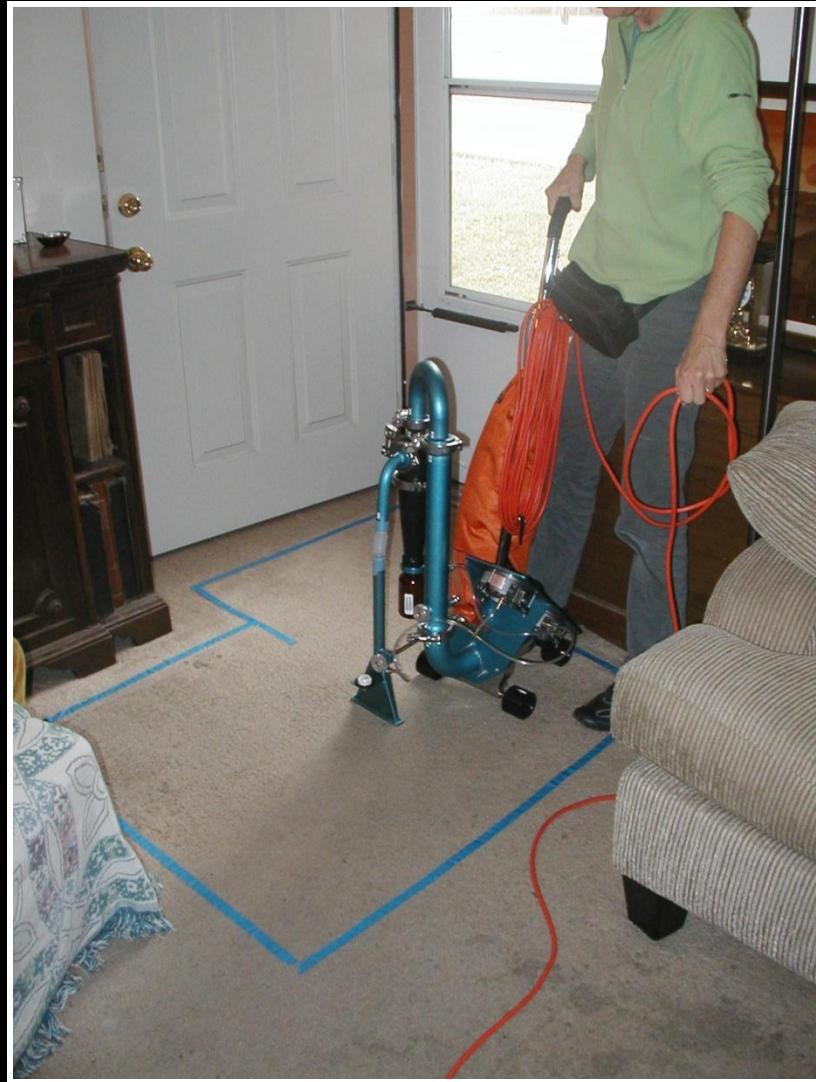


Bommarito et al., 2010, Ecotoxicology
Bommarito et al., 2010, Chemosphere
Bryer et al., 2009, Environ. Poll.
Bryer et al., 2006, Ecotoxicology
Scoggins et al., 2006, J. NABS

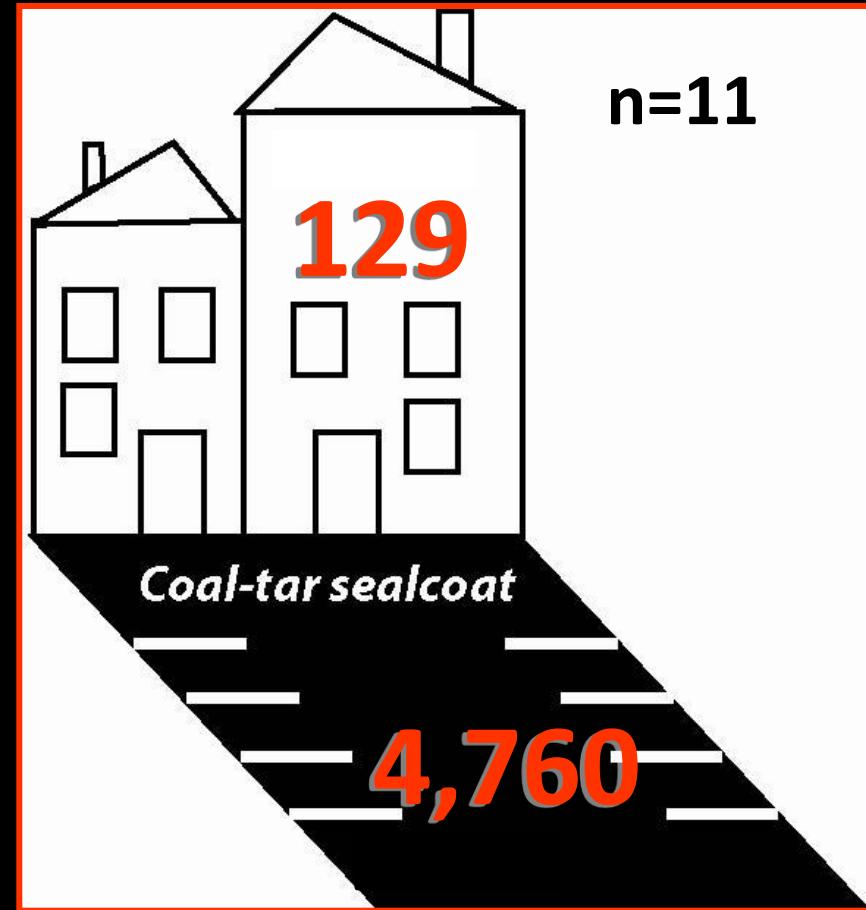
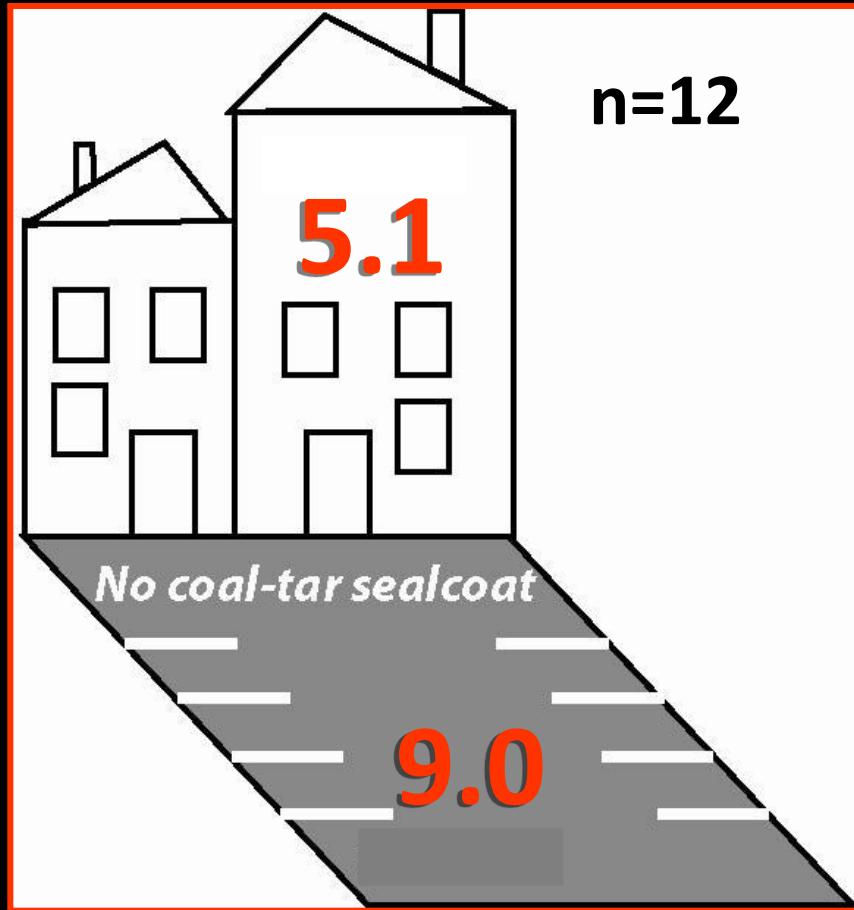


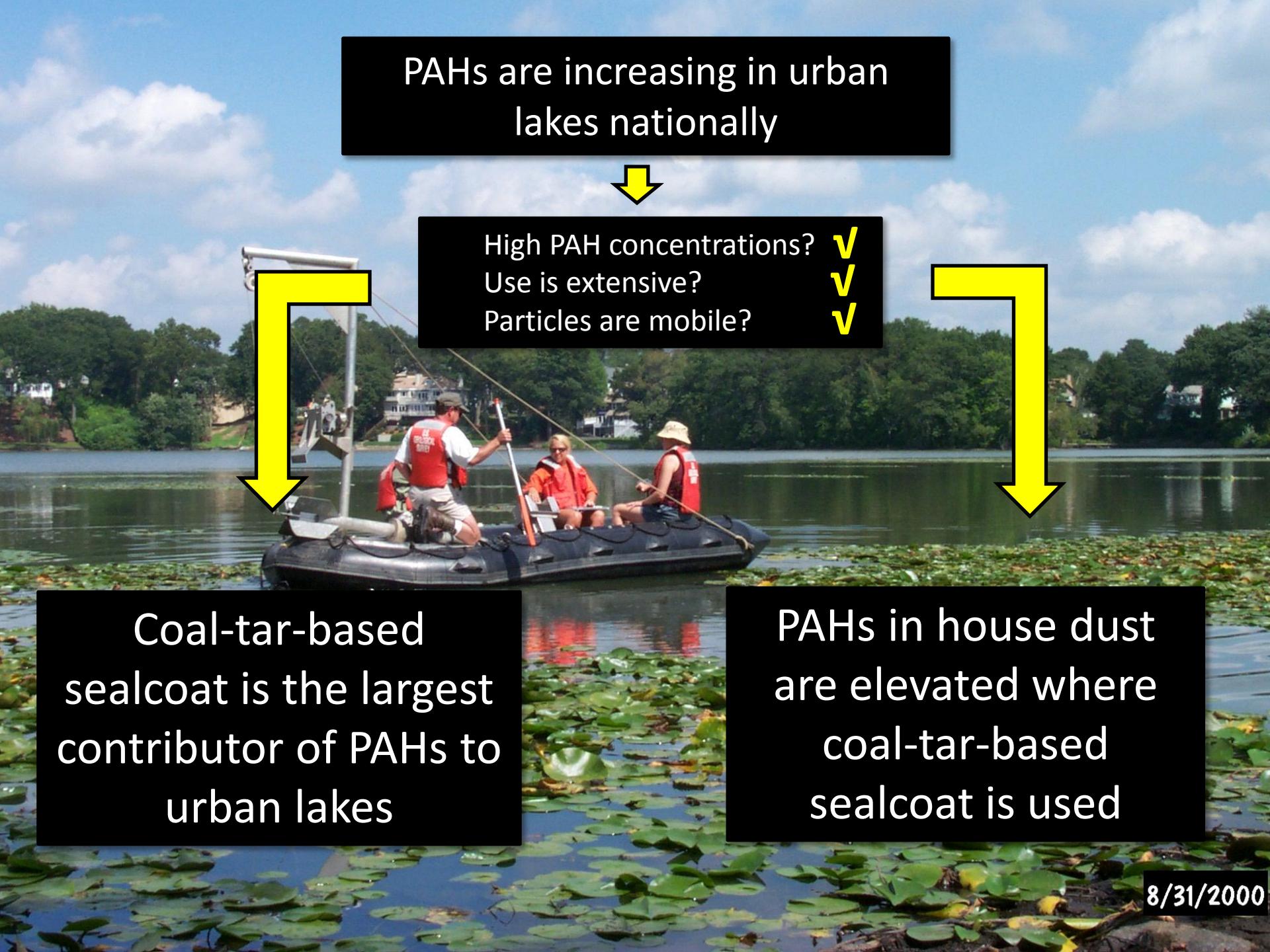
Photos from Jupiter Images and Corbis Images, Inc.

23 ground-floor apartments



Median total PAH [mg/kg]





PAHs are increasing in urban
lakes nationally

High PAH concentrations?
Use is extensive?
Particles are mobile?

✓
✓
✓

Coal-tar-based
sealcoat is the largest
contributor of PAHs to
urban lakes

PAHs in house dust
are elevated where
coal-tar-based
sealcoat is used

USGS publications on sealcoat and PAH in peer-reviewed scientific journals

Van Metre, P. C.; Mahler, B. J., 2010, Contribution of PAHs from Coal-Tar Pavement Sealcoat and Other Sources to 40 U.S. Lakes. [Science of the Total Environ., v. 409, 334-344.](#)

Mahler, B. J.; Van Metre, P. C.; Wilson, J. T.; Musgrove, M.; Burbank, T. L.; Ennis, T.; Bashara, T. J., 2010, Coal-tar-based parking lot sealcoat: An unrecognized source of PAH to settled house dust. [Environ. Sci. Technol. Vv 44, 894-900.](#)

Yang, Y., Van Metre, P.C., Mahler, B.J., Wilson, J.T., Ligouis, B., Razzaque, M.M., Schaeffer, D.J., and Werth, C.J., 2010, Influence of coal-tar sealcoat and other carbonaceous materials on polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon loading in an urban watershed: [Environ. Sci. Technol., v. 44, p. 1217-1223.](#)

Van Metre, P. C.; Mahler, B. J.; Wilson, J., 2009, PAHs underfoot: Contaminated dust from sealcoated pavements. [Environ. Sci. Technol. ,v. 43, \(1\), 20-25.](#)

Van Metre, P.C., and Mahler, B.J., 2005, Trends in Hydrophobic Organic Contaminants in Lake Sediments Across the United States, 1970-2001: [Environ. Sci. Technol., v. 39, no. 15, p. 5567-5574.](#)

Mahler, B. J.; Van Metre, P. C.; Bashara, T. J.; Wilson, J. T.; Johns, D. A., 2005, Parking lot sealcoat: An unrecognized source of urban PAHs. [Environ. Sci. Technol.,v. 39, \(15\), 5560-5566.](#)